

# **Key Aviation Security Legal Instruments:**Beijing Convention & Protocol of 2010

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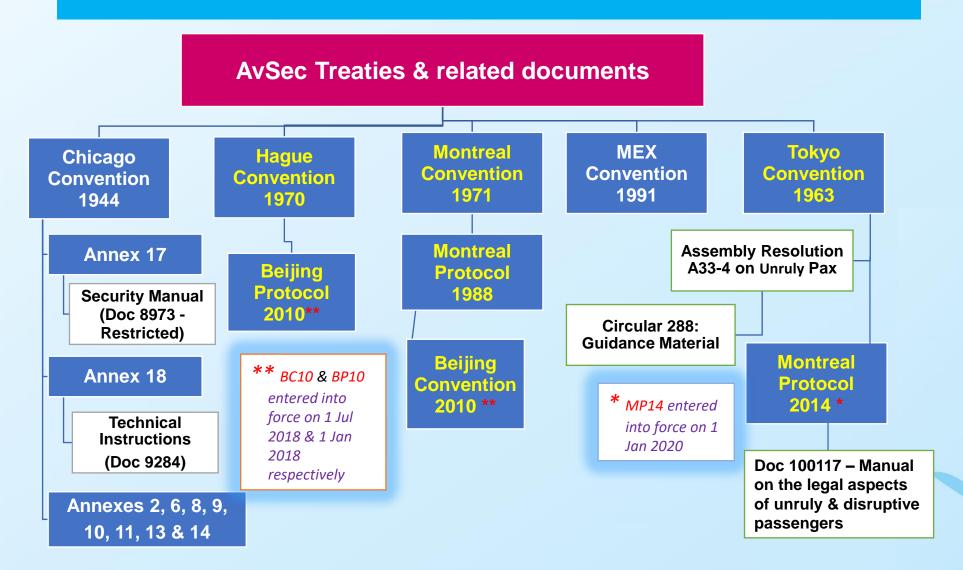






### International AvSec Legal Framework





## ICAO Response to 9/11 Attacks (2001)





- Review of adequacy of existing AvSec Conventions & addressing of new & emerging threats to civil aviation (2002)
- Secretariat Study Group (2005)
  - Acts not covered in existing AvSec Treaties
  - Criminalisation of threat
  - Provisions in then recent UN counterterrorism Conventions
- Special Sub-Committee (2007-08)
- Legal Committee (2009)
- Diplomatic Conference (2010)



# Beijing Convention & Protocol of 2010: The New Wall Safeguarding Aviation



- Beijing Convention 2010 replacing Montreal Convention 1971 & Montreal Protocol 1988 (Art. 1)
  - Aircraft as weapon
  - Spread of BCN
  - Organisers, directors, financiers, accomplices ("bin Laden" acts)
  - Credible threat
  - Transport of WMDs (BCN, explosives and nuclear material)
- Beijing Protocol 2010 amending Hague Convention 1970 (Art II)
  - Coercion and threats
  - Technological means
  - Organisers, directors, financiers ("bin Laden" acts)



## **Beijing Convention & Protocol of 2010:**







Non-exclusion of criminal jurisdiction in accordance with national law

Political Offence Exclusion Tokyo-Montre al P

P 2010

Montreal-Beijing C 2010

2014

Facilitating flight continuation

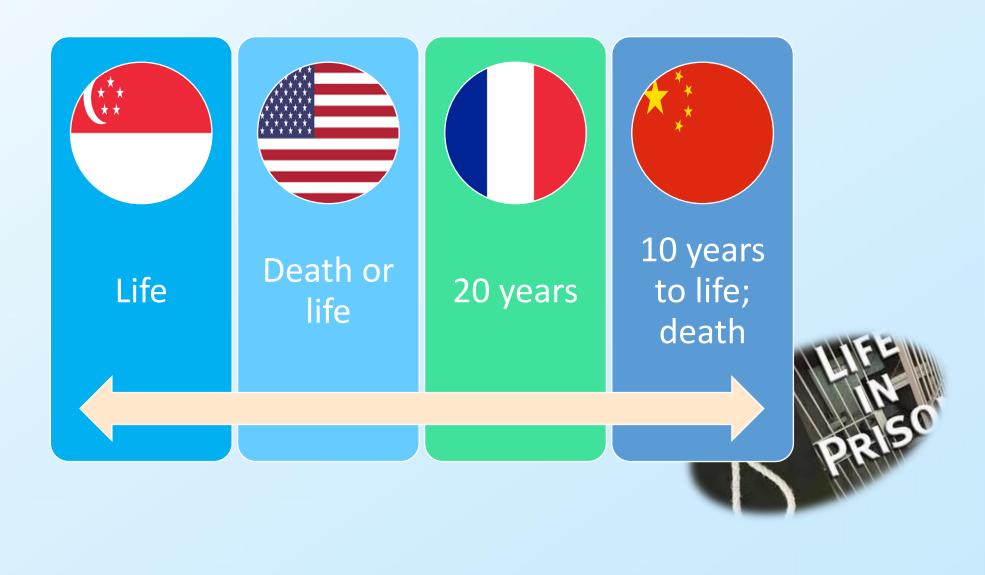
Military, customs and Police Exclusion

Fair Treatment Common provisions of the 3 Treaties



# Beijing Convention & Protocol 2010 - "offences ... punishable by severe penalties"









# **Beijing Convention 2010**





## **Beijing Convention 2010 - Ciminalisation**







Use of civil aircraft as a weapon

Using or releasing BCN weapons, explosives







Attempts, credible threats, accomplices, organizers, directors, conspirators, contributors



Transport of BCNs, equipment materials or technology

Cyber attacks on air navigation facilities









## **Beijing Convention 2010**

## - Air Navigation Facilities definition

#### **Montreal Convention 1971**

#### **Article 1**

1. Any person commits an offence if that person unlawfully and intentionally:

. . .

(d) destroys or damages <u>air</u>
navigation facilities or
interferes with their operation,
if any such act is likely to
endanger the safety of aircraft
in flight;

#### **Beijing Convention 2010**

#### **Article 2**

For the purposes of this Convention:

(c) "Air navigation facilities" include signals, data, information or systems necessary for the navigation of the aircraft;



## Beijing Protocol 2010









## Beijing Protocol of 2010

## - Amending The Hague Convention 1970

#### **Hague Convention 1970**

Article 1. Any person who on board an aircraft in flight:

(a) unlawfully, by force or threat thereof, or by any other form of intimidation, seizes, or exercises control of, that aircraft, or attempts to perform any such act; ...

commits an offence.

#### **Article II**

Article 1 of *Hague Convention 1970* shall be replaced by the following:

#### "Article 1

1. Any person commits an offence if that person unlawfully and intentionally seizes or exercises control of an aircraft in service by force or threat thereof, or by coercion, or by any other form of intimidation, or by any technological means.



# BC & BP 10 – Major Contributions & Ratification Reasons





# Beijing Convention & Protocol of 2010: *Major Contributions*



- ☐ Criminalize acts constituting new and emerging threats against civil aviation
- Expand grounds of jurisdiction (by the State of nationality / residence of offender and the State of nationality of victim)



# Beijing Convention & Protocol of 2010: *Main reasons for ratification*



- Result of **collective efforts** of international community to **modernise** the **legal framework for aviation security**
- ☐ Criminalization of acts constituting new and emerging threats against civil aviation, including certain preparatory acts for the offences, <u>strengthen States' capacity to prevent</u> the commission of these offences <u>& to prosecute & punish</u> those who commit such offences
- ☐ Contribute to the **implementation of UN Global Counter- Terrorism Strategy** adopted on 8 Sep 2006 by enhancing the global treaty regime on counter-terrorism





# Thank you



